



KD-6449

B. E. II (Sem. IV) Examination

December - 2012

Structural Analysis - I

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Instructions :

(1)

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Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :
B. E. 2 (Sem. 4)

Name of the Subject :
Structural Analysis - 1

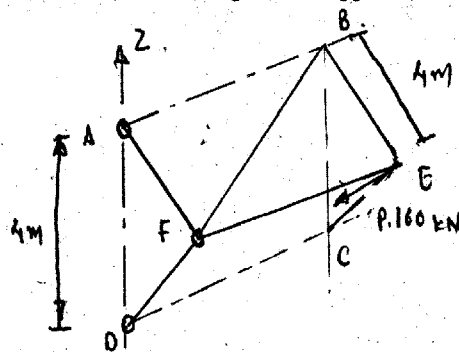
Subject Code No. : **6 4 4 9** Section No. (1, 2,.....) : **Nil**

Seat No. :

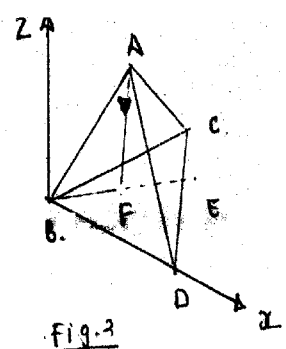
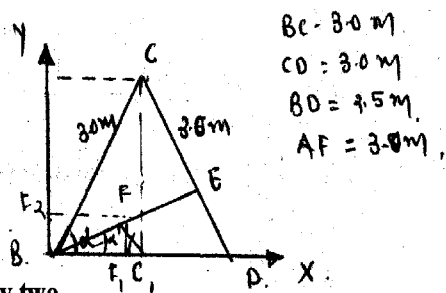
Student's Signature

1. Assumed suitable data, if necessary.
2. Figure to the right indicate full marks.
3. Explain with neat sketches, if needed.
4. Use of non-programmable calculator is permitted

- 1 (a) A space frame consists of six members AF, BE, BF, FE, EC and FD. The frame is pinned to vertical wall at ABCD in such a way that ABCD from square as shown in fig. also ABEF is a rectangle in horizontal plane. Using method of tension coefficient force in each members due to loading 160 kN applied E acting towards the joint D.



- (a) The feet of tripod resting on smooth ground are tried by horizontal bars forming a triangular BCD, as shown in fig. 2 of the tripod is 3 m vertical above point F determine the force in all the members due to a load of 8 KN suspended from apex A (used tension co-efficient method)



2 Attempt any two.

Fig-2 30

1 A wooden beam of cross-section 100 X 150 mm is used as shown in fig. 3 to support a sloping Mangalore tilted roof. It has an effective span of 5 m and carries a uniformly distributed load of 5 kN/m acting vertically downward. Determine the maximum stress developed in beam.

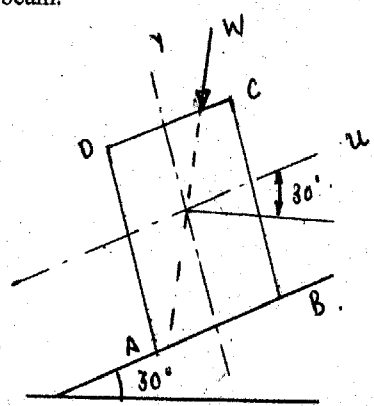


Fig-3

2 Locate shear center of channel section as shown in fig. 4

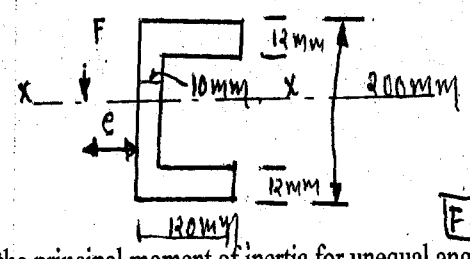


Fig-4

3 Determine the principal moment of inertia for unequal angle section 60x 50 x 6 mm shown in fig. 5

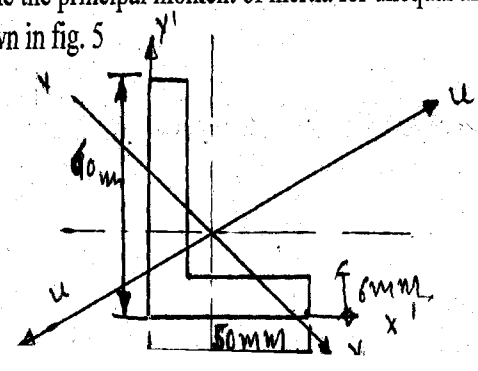
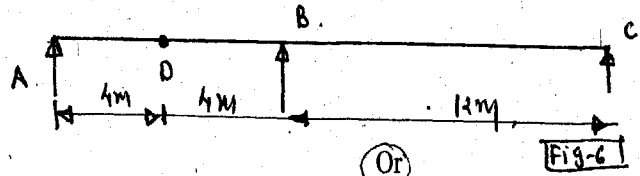
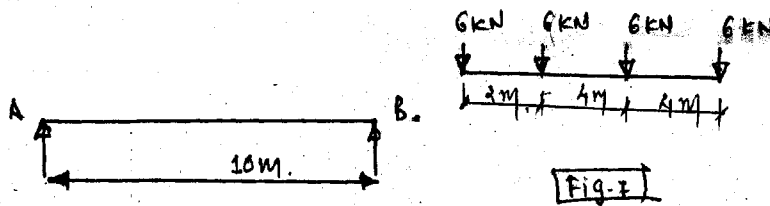


Fig-5.

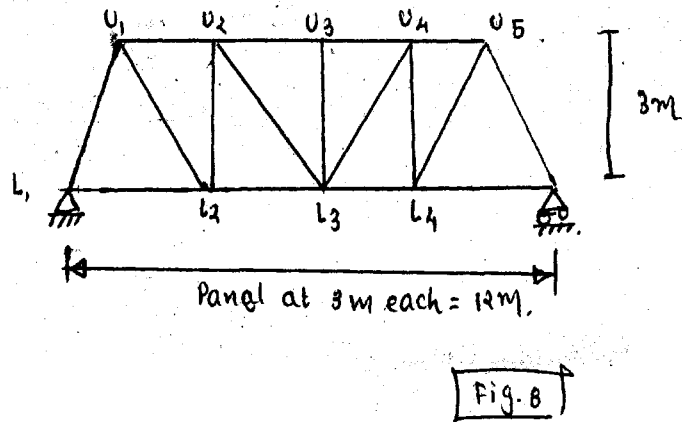
- 3 (a) A beam is simply supported at A, B and C has an internal hinged at a distance of 4 m from AB. AB = 8m and BC = 12 m. draw influence line for: fig.6
- Reaction R_A
 - Reaction R_B



- (a) Determine the max. Shear developed A of the simple beam as shown in fig. when series of concentrated loads shown move across the girder. From right to left. Fig.7



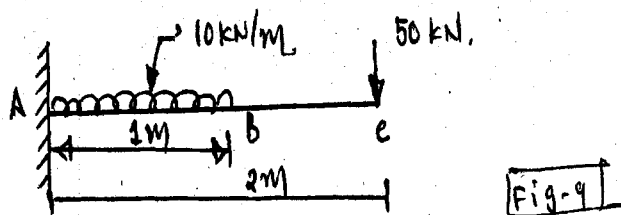
- (b) Draw influence line diagram for the forces in the members U_1U_2 , U_2U_3 and L_2L_3 of through types bridge truss. Fig. 8



4 Attempt any two.

20

- (a) Determine slope and deflection at pt. B of beam shown in fig. 9 using successive integrating method. Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $I_{xx} = 15158.3 \text{ cm}^4$.



- (b) Determine the slope and deflection at free end of a cantilever beam fig. 10 using conjugate beam method. $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $I = 2.1 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$.

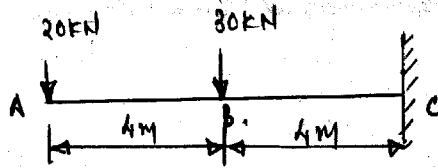


Fig-10

- (c) Determine vertical deflection at free end C of the beam ABC shown in fig. 11 using castigliano's first theorem. $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $I = 8.2 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$.

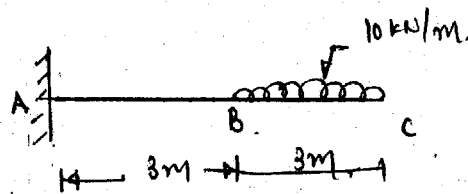


Fig-11